# Machine Learning Course Workbook

– Before the Course –

## Introduction

#### ML is everywhere!

Where (else) do you use ML in your everyday life incl. work?

#### ML history: Why now?

What accelerated the rise of ML in the last few years?

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What is the difference between ANI and AGI?

## – Day 1 (Part 1) –

## The Basics

**What is ML?** What is the difference between Machine Learning, Artificial Intelligence, and Deep Learning?

What are the benefits of ML compared to traditional software?

When should you <u>not</u> use ML?

Which kind of ML problems have a high chance of success and when is the outcome uncertain?

#### How do machines "learn"?

Describe the different learning strategies and what their requirements (in terms of data) are:

- → Unsupervised Learning:
- → Supervised Learning:
- → Reinforcement Learning:

What are "features" and what are "labels"?

- → Features:
- → Labels:

#### ML use cases

What does structured and unstructured data look like?

- → Structured Data:
- → Unstructured Data:

What is the drawback of unsupervised learning methods?

What are the benefits of breaking down a complex input-output problem into simpler subproblems?

What is the downside of a system composed of multiple ML models?

#### Solving problems with ML

Which tasks take up most of a Data Scientist's time?

What are the two deployment options for an ML model and when should you use which?

## – Day 1 (Part 2) –

Take another look at the <u>ML algorithm cheat sheet</u> & try to find examples where you could be using each of these algorithms to improve your organization's products or processes.

- Anomaly Detection:
- Clustering:
- Regression:
- Classification:
- Generative AI:
- Recommender Systems/Information Retrieval:

# Data Analysis & Preprocessing

#### Data Analysis

What does Goodhart's Law warn us about?

With what KPI could your department's goal be quantified? Is this a leading or lagging KPI?

#### Garbage in, garbage out!

What do you think are the most common ways in which datasets in your organization are messy?

Which concrete next steps could your organization take to improve their data quality?

– Day 2 –

# Avoiding Common Pitfalls

With which stupid baseline should you compare regression and classification models respectively?

When is it a really bad idea to evaluate a classification model with the accuracy metric?

What does it mean for a model to over- or underfit?

*Why can a model still be wrong, even though it generates correct predictions for data points from the testset?* 

What are "Adversarial Attacks"?

In what ways can a biased model negatively affect users?

How can you check whether a model discriminates?

What is the difference between data and concept drift?

What could be reasons for data or concept drift in your domain / next project?

## Conclusion

According to Andrew Ng, what are the 5 steps for a successful AI transformation of a company and where do you think your organization stands in this process?

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.